

CHAPTER, I

"ETHEREDGE ENGLISH ROOTS"

identifies 4 generations of English ancestors in the 16th and 17th centuries...

proves the medieval spelling "EDERICHE" became "ETHERIDGE" in the 16th century...

associates "EDERICHE" families with Tottenham manor back to the year 1376.

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WILLIAM ETHERIDGE of Middlesex County, England (ca. 1535-1577) was the progenitor of most persons in the United States with the birth names of ETHEREDGE, ETHERIDGE and ETHRIDGE. His grandson, THOMAS ETHERIDGE (II) emigrated to Virginia before 1647 and established the family name in the South which is now in its 11th, 12th and 13th generations.

WILLIAM ETHERIDGE lived in the village of Woodgrene (now Wood Green) on land that was within the legal jurisdiction of Tottenham manor. (See NOTE 1 below and "An Historic Sketch of Tottenham Manor" in the appendix).

NOTE 1. In the 16th century, Woodgrene was a very small hamlet with a probable population of only 25 to 50 persons. As late as 1800 it had only 100 inhabitants - only 400 in 1844. Historically, it was part of Tottenham but they were separated in 1888.

The earliest map of Tottenham - Dorset Survey of 1615 - shows a completely rural area with the village of Tottenham straggling along the High Road and the church and manor house some distance to the west. The map that belonged to this Survey can no longer be found but it was well reproduced as the frontispiece of Vol. I of William Robinson's "History and Antiquities of the Parish of Tottenham" (1840), 2 vols., in which it is recorded that a Joseph EDRIDGE, then dead, had been a trustee of the Reynardson's Alms House. An 1818 edition of this volume does not incorporate the map but it shows that a Joseph ETHERIDGE was a subscriber (probably another Etheridge interested in his ancestors).

In 1965, Wood Green, Tottenham and Hornsey were incorporated into the London Borough of Haringey which covers 11-1/2 square miles across north London and has a total population of 235,000. Middlesex County has been eliminated in favor of a Greater London administrative district which now comprises 32 boroughs - of which Haringey is one.

Wood Green is now served by both British Rail and, since 1933, by the London subway, Picadilly line. It is now the site of an important shopping center - second only to London's Oxford street. Tottenham is served by British Rail, but not by subway.

Bruce Castle, the manor house, is still in existence and is located in Bruce Castle park in Tottenham. It is now the headquarters of Haringey's library service and houses the Borough's Museum, the Middlesex Regimental museum and is an official archives repository. The earliest part of the present structure was probably built by Sir William Compton who acquired the manor in 1514. In 1516, Henry VIII met his sister Margaret, Queen of Scotland, at "Maister Compton's house beside Totnam". The Castle was largely rebuilt by Henry Hare, second Baron Coleraine about 1636.

BEFORE WILLIAM

Before William Etheridge, the family name was spelled EDERICHE and appears with variant spellings in manorial court rolls back to the year 1375 (the rolls don't exist prior to 1313). The variant spellings include: EDRICH, EDERICH, EDERICHE, EDERYCHE, and EDIRICH. Variant spellings were commonplace during those centuries. In fact, Sir Walter Raleigh spelled his own name four different ways.

Tottenham manor was in existence at the time of the Norman conquest in 1066. Even though the earliest record of an EDERICH is 1375, it is likely that the family was living there at the time of the conquest.

The manorial court rolls consistently record his name as William EDERICHE - and his brother as John EDERICHE. But their wills show the ETHERIDGE spelling - as do the entries in the parish record. So it appears that during their generation there was a conscious and coordinated change in the spelling of their surname from EDERICHE to ETHERIDGE.

An extensive search of wills, court, marriage and other records of England during the 16th century revealed no ETHERIDGE name prior to about 1550. And the name EDERICHE (and variant spellings) do not appear after that approximate date. What happened to cause this change in spelling is not clear.

Following is a list of wills filed by persons in Middlesex and Essex named EDERICH (and variant spellings) filed with the Commissary Court of London (London Division) and now preserved in the Guildhall library (1374-1488):

	<u>Year</u>	<u>Reg.</u>	<u>Folio</u>
EDERICH, Tho., Tottenham, Mdx.	1395	1	330
EDERICH, Jn., jun. Hendon, Mdx.	1402	2	16
EDRYCH, Wm. W. Ham, Essex; prob. only	1410	2	185
EDRYCH, Jn. cit. & pinner, St. Bot.	1448	4	243v
EDRYCH, Laurence, Hendon, Mdx; admon.	1445	4	156v
EDRICH, Jn., W. Ham, Essex	1451	5	47v
EDERYCH, Juliana, wid. Hendon, Mdx	1455	5	157v
EDRICHE, Rd., husb. Islington, Mdx.	1470	6	50v
EDERICHE, Alan, Lit. Greenford, Mdx.	1477	6	204
EDRICHE, Hy. Tottenham, Mdx.	1486	7	115v

ABOUT WILLIAM AND HIS FAMILY

William ETHERIDGE (EDERICHE) lived and died within Tottenham parish - the parish church being All Hallows. (NOTE 2). Records of baptisms, marriages and burials were begun in 1558 but the first ETHERIDGE entry was the burial of "Agnes E. sister of William Etheridge" on May 20, 1562. Other parish entries include:

Burials: 17 Aug 1564 Ann Etheridge, widow
23 Jun 1575 John Etheridge, cit. and grocer of London
5 Jun 1577 William Etheridge, yeoman
4 Dec 1582 Agnes, dau. of William Etheridge, yeoman

Baptisms: (see NOTE 2 below)
19 Nov 1564 Thomas, son of William Etheridge, yeoman
16 Mar 1566 Margaret, dau of William Etheridge, yeoman
5 Aug 1571 Abraham, son of William Etheridge, yeoman
15 May 1575 John, son of William Etheridge,
yeoman of Woodgrene.

Marriages: ^{18 May 1564 William Etheridge to Sibell Page}
1 Jun 1590 Robert Morris, wid. and Margaret Etheridge
20 May 1594 Thomas Etheridge and Ann Pate (maden)
single persons
16 Jan 1603 John Etheridge of Tottenham, wid.
and Jone Stage of Little Haddam in Herts.
7 Mar 1613 Robert Morris, wid and Ann Etheridge, wid.

NOTE 2. All Hallows church has existed for almost 900 years. It was first mentioned when it was granted by David I of Scotland to the Canons of Holy Trinity London in the 12th century but has been extensively restored and rebuilt, notably in 1875

NOTE 3: Baptisms were normally done the first Sunday following birth. "The Bible and Prayer Book" printed by Robert Barker 1615, London (Roman type quarto edition) states: "Wherefore the people are to be admonished that it is most convenient that baptisms should not be ministered but upon Sundayes and other holy dayes when the most number of people may come together"....."The pastores and curates shall often admonish the people that they deferre not the baptisms of infants any longer than the Sunday or other holy day next after the childe be borne, unless upon a great and reasonable cause declared to the curate, and by him approved."

If the child was in any danger of dying it was baptised at home the same day as it was born and then "received into the congregation" at a very much later date. Often it was at this last event that some record was made in the register and thus many private baptisms were never recorded.

1. JOHN ETHERIDGE (EDERICHE) - (ca. 1500 - 1555).

From sparse records, we can deduce that William Etheridge was the son of JOHN and ANN ETHERIDGE (EDERICHE).

We may assume that "ANN ETHERIDGE, WID.", who was buried on 17 Aug. 1564 was William's mother, but there is no proof that she was.

There is more evidence that his father was JOHN EDERICHE (ETHERIDGE), but unfortunately manorial court records are missing between the years of 1539 and 1547 - crucial years for establishing his identity. Here is the evidence that does exist:

- a. The will of his son, JOHN ETHERIDGE, dated 18 Jun. 1575 states that he has a brother, WILLIAM, and that their parents are buried in the Tottenham parish church yard. (See his will in the Appendix). Manorial court records indicate that John was older than William.
- b. A manorial court record of 4 Jun. 1550 refers to "JOHN EDERICHE, JUN" which would indicate that his father was "JOHN EDERICHE, SEN."

(A court record of 6 Jun 1566 refers to William as "WILLIAM EDERICHE, JUN." which was probably an error since it is more likely that his older brother would have been given his father's christian name. Also his father was not living at the time).

- c. Manorial court records of 1522 and 1527 state that JOHN EDERICHE of Woodgrene was chosen constable and in 1529 he made a "capital pledge". So, there was a JOHN EDERICHE of Woodgrene living during the appropriate time period. Since he was at least 21 years old in 1522, his birth date was ca. 1500.

The burial of William's father was not recorded in the parish records, so he probably died before 1558 which is the year the records were started. So 1555 is an approximate date for his death.

William and John had an uncle, ROBERT ETHERIDGE (EDERICHE) who was a "citizen and corrio(ur) of London" and whose will of 24 Jan. 1566 names his wife, Agnes, his son George, and 3 daughters: Elizabeth Pennington, Johanne Woodcokke, and Alice Wheeler (deceased) - and son-in-law Thomas Wheeler. On 1 Oct. 1551, the manorial court granted him permission to dig lime on manorial property to construct a building at Westgrene - and on 22 Feb 1552 he bought 4 acres of land with buildings from John Pate. His will (copy in Appendix) is interesting in that it bequeaths money to all prisoners in London prisons and to 3 London hospitals.

1. JOHN ETHERIDGE (EDERICHE) - cont'd.

ISSUE OF JOHN AND ANN ETHERIDGE (EDERICHE):

- a. AGNES - daughter - buried 20 May 1562 and identified in the parish entry as being the sister of William Etheridge.
- b. JOHN (b. ca. 1526 - d. June 1575). As JOHN EDERICHE he was first appointed juror on 8 Jun 1547. Since he was probably 21 years old at the time, he was born in 1526 or before. He was sworn as juror in 1548, 1550 and 1551 and was elected to the office of constable for Woodgrene on 4 Jun 1550. He moved to London after 1550 and became a "citizen and grocer". On 15 Feb 1570 he married Elizabeth Field at St. Mary Woolnoth. He had no children at the time he wrote his will on 18 June 1575, which leaves bequests to his wife, Elizabeth, and to William's children: Margaret, Anne, Abraham and John (who had been born the preceding month). He was buried in Tottenham parish church yard on 23 Jun 1575 - only 5 days after making out his will. (See copy of his will in Appendix).
- c. WILLIAM - see next generation.

2. WILLIAM ETHERIDGE - (ca. 1535 - bur. 5 Jun. 1577)

From William ETHERIDGE's will dated 26 Dec 1576 (see copy in Appendix) we know that he married SIBELL PAGE, that his brother JOHN had died, and that he had 5 children: Agnes, Thomas, Margarete, Abraham and John.

Manorial court records show William Etheridge (as William EDERICHE) was a minor on 21 Dec 1547; paid homage to the King and Queen and received title to land on 3 June 1556 which probably means he was 21 years of age and born about 1535.

Also from court records, WILLIAM EDERICHE was elected constable for Woodgrene on 30 May 1557; served as juror of the manorial court at various times between 1558 and 1574; and that after his death his widow, Sibell, married William Wall and had custody of her son, Abraham, until he was 14 years of age (at that time males of 14 years could select their custodian). She probably had custody of her sons Thomas (age 13) and John (age 2) but they were not mentioned.

Parish records show that William Etheridge, yeoman, was buried on 5 Jun 1577. (NOTE 4)

NOTE 4: In 1818, there were no tombstones in the All Hallows church yard in the 1500s - the earliest being 1681 ("The History and Antiquities of the Parish of Tottenham High Cross in the County of Middlesex", William Robinson, Gent. - 1818).

2. WILLIAM ETHERIDGE (cont'd).

Following is proof that William EDERICHE of Tottenham court records is the same person as William ETHERIDGE who wrote his will on 20 Dec. 1576 and was buried on 5 Jun 1577:

WILLIAM ETHERIDGE
WILL 20 Dec 1576

William Etheridge lived in Woodgrene.

Names his brother, JOHN.

Placed money in the custody of John Morris and Thomas Marten for his children.

Appointed John Morris, Thomas Marten and Thomas Wheler to be overseers of his will.

Witnessed by John Morrrys, Jo: X Wheler, Wm. M. Wall and Thomas Marten.

Names Sibell, his wife, executrix; wills land to son Abraham, names sons John and Thomas.

MANORIAL COURT
RECORDS

William Ederiche elected constable for Woodgrene on 30 May 1557.

William Ederiche was ordered "to scour his ditch at Woodgrene" on 24 Oct 1560.

John Ederiche of Woodgrene was appointed juror on 8 Jun 1547, 23 Oct 1547, 21 May 1548, 22 May 1550 and 4 Jun 1550; and was elected constable for Woodgrene on 4 Jun 1550.

Court of 4 Mar 1566 appointed William Ederiche, John Morris, Thomas Marten and others to enquire into various matters affecting the interest of the Lord of the Manor.

Court of 10 Apr 1578 states that William Ederiche of Woodgrene in extremis had surrendered 4 acres of land to his son Abraham and other lands to the use of his wife, Sibell, for 12 years - and then to his son John Ederiche. States that his wife, Sibell is now the wife of William Wall and that Abraham was 4 years old (but parish records show he was baptised on 5 Aug 1571 - hence 6 yrs. old).

2. WILLIAM ETHERIDGE (cont'd).

ISSUE OF WILLIAM and SIBELL (PAGE) ETHERIDGE

- a. AGNES - dau. buried 4 Dec 1582 unmarried. No baptismal record appears in All Hallows register.
- b. THOMAS - baptised 19 Nov. 1564 - bur. 16 Feb. 1613. Married ANN PATE 20 May 1594. More next generation.
- c. MARGARETE - baptised 16 May 1566 - married Robert Morris, widower, 1 Jun 1590. She probably died before 1613 since Robert Morris, widower, married ANN ETHERIDGE, widow on 7 Mar 1613. This ANN ETHERIDGE may have been the widow of Thomas (above) but, if so, her re-marriage took place within 3 weeks of Thomas's death and before she was sworn in as executrix of his estate. Her burial does not appear in the All Hallows register.
- d. ABRAHAM - baptised 3 Aug 1571. Was still living at the time of his father's death. No record of his marriage or burial has been located.
- e. JOHN - baptised 15 May 1575. On 3 Sept 1596 he married Mary Steabbranch of Edmonton, Middlesex Co., daughter of John Steabbranch. On 25 Oct 1601 the parish register shows the burial of "Mary, wife of John Etheridge yeoman dwelling at West Grene". On 7 Mar 1613, John Etheridge, widow married Jone Stage of Little Haddam in Herts. Jone, wife of John Etheridge was buried 15 May 1634. Mary Etheridge, daughter of John Etheridge husbandman was buried 7 May 1599. Thomas Etheridge's will of 6 Feb 1612 appointed his brother, John, as one of the overseers.

3. THOMAS ETHERIDGE (John, William) -

Thomas Etheridge was baptised 19 Nov 1564 - the oldest son of William and Sibell (Page) Etheridge. Following are entries in the All Hallows Tottenham parish record relating to this family:

Baptisms:	4 May 1595	Caesar, son of Thomas Etheridge, yeoman
	27 Aug 1597	Thomas, son of Thomas Etheridge, yeoman
	16 Dec 1604	Thomas, son of Thomas Etheridge of Wood Green
	21 Jun 1608	Ann, dau. of Thomas Etheridge, yeoman
	22 Apr 1610	Elizabeth, dau of Thomas Etheridge, yeoman
Burials:	11 Mar 1599	A man child of Thomas Etheridge of Wood Lane died before he was christened.
	16 Feb 1612	Thomas Etheridge, yeoman
Marriages:	20 May 1594	Thomas Etheridge and Ann Pate, single persons.

3. THOMAS ETHERIDGE - cont'd.

Thomas Etheridge's will dated 6 Feb 1612 requests that he be buried "in the parish church yard of Tottenham in the said countye of Middlesex so neare unto the place where my father, William Etheridge deceaseth lyeth buried as conveniently may be". So there's no doubt that this Thomas Etheridge is the son of William.

Why did Thomas Etheridge christen 2 sons named "Thomas"? One answer could be that there were 2 Thomas Etheridges living in the parish, but no record of another one has been found. More likely, the first son which he named "Thomas" died young and that he gave the same name to the next son that was born.

He married Ann Pate 20 May 1594 and named her an executrix of his will and bequeathed to her his house at Woodgrene and 8 acres of land. His will made bequests to 2 sons: Caesar and Thomas, and to 3 daughters: Grizill, Ann, and Elizabeth. No baptismal record of Grizill was found but she was probably born between 1597 and 1604. He appointed his brother, John, as one of the overseers of his estate. A copy of his will is included in the Appendix. Thomas was buried 16 Feb 1612.

The Thomas Etheridge who was baptised 16 Dec 1604 emigrated to Virginia.

4. THOMAS ETHERIDGE, II (John, William, Thomas).

Thomas Etheridge (II) - the second son of Thomas and Ann (Pate) Etheridge - was baptised at All Hallows church, Tottenham parish, on 16 Dec. 1604. He emigrated to Virginia ca 1640, accumulated an estate of over 1,000 acres, raised a large family, and died there between Nov. 17 and Dec. 16, 1671. His wife, CHRISTIAN, pre-deceased him by a month or so.

Thomas Etheridge is first mentioned in the records of Norfolk Co. Nov. 1, 1647 when he was granted ".....for the transportation of 4 persons 200 acres in Lower Norfolk Co. at the head of Gaythers creek, a branch of the Southward branch of Elizabeth river adjacent Thomas Marsh."

At that time the Colony of Virginia had in effect a system of "headrights" which provided "....that any person who paid his own transportation to Virginia should be assigned 50 acres for his own personal adventure and if he transported at his own cost one or more persons he should for each person whose passage he paid be awarded 50 acres of land." Since he paid for the transportation of 4 persons, he received 200 acres.

THOMAS ETHERIDGE (II) - cont'd

In 1634 the Colony of Virginia was divided into 8 shires or counties. In 1637, 2 new counties were formed: Lower Norfolk Co. and Upper Norfolk Co. In 1691, Lower Norfolk Co. was divided into Norfolk Co. and Princess Anne Co. Thomas Etheridge's land was located in the part that remained Norfolk Co. near the present town of Great Bridge about 15 miles south of the City of Norfolk on the intra-coastal waterway.

The names of the 4 persons that Thomas Etheridge transported are not listed but we may assume that they were himself, his wife, and his first 2 children. In his will dated Nov. 9, 1671, he names William and John as the two oldest then living but, of course, others may have been born before them that did not survive to 1671.

William and John were born before 1640 - so we may conclude that Thomas emigrated to Virginia in 1640 or before. William, the oldest, was born 1635-7 - so Thomas probably married before 1636. Records of that time period reveal no marriage of a Thomas Etheridge in Middlesex county but two in London:

1626 Thomas Etheridge to Judith Abbot BP London
1628 Thomas Etheridge to Mgt. Perkins Stepney

There is no way to determine if either of these "Thomas Etheridges" is the one baptised 16 Dec. 1604. If William was his first child, then neither of these marriages is likely to be the one we're looking for since he was born 8 or 10 years after their marriage. But infant mortality being very high then, we may accept either marriage as being reasonable and assume that other children were born before William that did not live to 1671.

/the marriage of/
No record of/a Thomas Etheridge to "Christian _____" has been found. So it is reasonable to conclude that she was his 2nd or later wife and may not have been the mother of his children. She may have been Christian MARRINGTON and a sister of Marmaduke Marrington - a very close neighbor who emigrated about the same time as Thomas. There was some connection between the two families since Thomas named one of his sons "MARMADUKE". Marmaduke Marrington's land is mentioned in a grant to John Manning, Oct. 25, 1648 (Cavaliers and Pioneers, Nugent p. 180) and he was granted 250 acres on Gayther's creek in 1654 (ibid p 415). Marmaduke Marrington was constable for the Southern Branch in 1654 (Norfolk Co. Bk. C. p. 89).

Thomas Everidge and Marmaduke Marrington were appointed surveyors of the highways Dec. 20, 1662 (Bk. D, p. 363a).

THOMAS ETHERIDGE (II) - cont'd.

On Dec. 16, 1671, Marmaduke Marrington and William Nichols were securities for John Everidge as executor of his father Thomas Etheridge deceased (Bk. E Part 2 p. 75a).

On Aug. 15, 1677, the Norfolk County Court issued a certificate for 300 acres to Marmaduke Marrington (O. Bk. 1675-1686, unpaginated), and on June 16, 1684 he was exempted from the levy as "a very aged man" (ibid). A deed dated Feb. 21, 1713 (Deeds, etc. 1710-1714, p. 236) by Moses Linton to Joseph Cawson shows that the land deeded, which was granted in 1687 to John Pertlock, son-in-law of William Etheridge, the eldest son of Thomas Etheridge (II) was adjacent to a tract "formerly Marmaduke Marrington, now Charles Etheridge" - Charles Etheridge being a son of the said William Etheridge. This deed again, hints at a relationship of Marrington to the Etheridges. Perhaps William Etheridge, eldest son of Thomas, had inherited Mr. Marrington's land.

Thomas Etheridge received additional grants in Norfolk Co. as follows:

200 ac. on the Southern Br. of Elizabeth River -
Mar. 27, 1655 (Nugent pp 301, 415).

450 ac. in the same location - Mar. 18, 1682/3,
including the 200 ac. granted him previously
on Oct. 20, 1661 (Nugent p. 497).

430 ac. adjoining land owned by Robert Butt
Nov. 6, 1655 (Nugent p. 564).

Thomas Etheridge sued Col. Fraacis Yardley, Oct. 30, 1651 (Bk. B. p. 190), and was sued by Thomas Daynes Aug. 15, 1653 (Bk. C. p. 51). He was paid as a witness Feb. 15, 1659/60 (Bk. D, p. 245), and was appointed constable for the Southern Branch, April 16, 1660 (ibid, p. 252). On March 4, 1670/71 Thomas Everidge made a deed of gift of 200 acres to his sons John and Thomas Everidge, the land having been granted him March 18, 1662/3 (Bk. E, p. 80).

The will of Thomas Etheridge, dated Nov. 9, 1671 and probated in Norfolk County Dec. 16, 1671 (Bk. E p 109); (McIntosh "Wills of Norfolk Co." Vol. 1, p. 36) mentions his eldest son William; sons Edward and Marmaduke; son John (500 acres taken up by my son John and myself); wife Christian; sons William, John, Thomas, Marmaduke and Edward; daughter Ann, wife of Thomas Nolcott (Norcutt); daughter Susan; grandchild Andrew Etheridge, grandchild Giles Norcott; and John Rothe. A codicil dated Nov. 17, 1671 mentions that his wife Christian had died; leaves a bequest to his grandchildren - the three children of "Ye" (Tho.?) Blanche and again mentions his daughter Susannah.

THOMAS ETHERIDGE (II) - cont'd.

Issue of Thomas Etheridge with approximate birth dates gathered from the records:

WILLIAM ETHERIDGE, b. ca. 1635-7, called "eldest son" in his father's will, was married and had children prior to 1666.

JOHN ETHERIDGE, b. ca. 1637-9, was sued for debt Jan. 16, 1660/61 by Thomas Bridge, who had married the relict of George Bateman (Bk. D, p. 283), was appointed surveyor of the highways Nov. 15, 1664 (ibid, p. 432) and had a son Andrew mentioned in his father's will in 1671.

 ETHERIDGE (daughter), married Thomas Blanch and was apparently dead by 1671, leaving the three children mentioned in Thomas Etheridge's will. She was probably born ca. 1641-2. The husband, Thomas Blanch, died in 1675 having married a second wife, Elizabeth. The will of Thomas Blanch, dated June 29, 1674 and probated Feb. 15, 1675/6 (Bk. E, p. 177) mentions his wife Elizabeth and his three children, William, Mary and Thomas Blanch. On Feb. 15, 1674/5 John Etheridge, Marmaduke Etheridge and Thomas Norcutt were ordered by the Court to take Thomas Blanch's orphans into their keeping (Bk. E, Part 2, p. 121a). The second wife, Elizabeth Blanch, died in 1681, her will leaving all her property to George Ivey's children (Bk. 4, p. 100), indicating that she was not the mother of Thomas Blanch's children. However, Thomas Norcutt was not ordered to pay William Blanch his part of the estate of his father, Thomas Blanch, until July 17, 1694 (O. Bk. 1686-93, p. 328)

ANN ETHERIDGE, born probably ca. 1643-4 married Thomas Norcutt and had a son Giles Norcutt mentioned in her father's will. She was apparently dead by 1710/11 when her husband's will was written, and so was her son Giles, for neither of them is mentioned. The will of Thomas Norcutt, dated Feb. 26, 1710/11 and probated March 16, 1710/11 (McIntosh Norfolk County Wills, Vol. II, p. 7) leaves his property to his sons James and John, whom he appoints executors; to daughters Katherine Norcutt and Mary Deans; and to son William; and to daughters Anne Browne and Elizabeth Deans.

THOMAS ETHERIDGE, born probably ca. 1645-6, was deeded land by his father Thomas Etheridge jointly with his brother John, March 4, 1670/71; he was married by June 16, 1671.

THOMAS ETHERIDGE (II) - cont'd)

Issue of Thomas Etheridge - continued:

MARMADUKE ETHERIDGE, born probably ca. 1647-8, first appears in the records Feb. 15, 1674/5 when he, his brother John, and his brother-in-law Thomas Norcutt were appointed guardians of Thomas Blanch's orphans; he was married prior to 1675 when he and his wife Elizabeth signed a deed.

EDWARD ETHERIDGE, born probably ca. 1649-50, apparently the youngest son of Thomas Etheridge, judging by the will; he was sued Feb. 16, 1671/2, together with his brother Thomas by John Tucker (Bk. E, Part 2, p. 77a), thus showing that he was of age at that time.

SUSANNAH ETHERIDGE, born probably ca. 1651-2, apparently unmarried in 1671 when her father wrote his will; she seems to have married Robert Watson by June 15, 1674 when John Etheridge deeded his "brother" Robert Watson 80 acres of land (Bk. E, p. 171).